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Letter b on the humpy pattern

The letters that you have learned so far fit on the humpy pattern. We are going to learn another letter that fits on the pattern. Can you see it?

Did you find the letter b? Circle it. Now it’s time to practise the humpy pattern.

1. Trace over the pattern with your pencil.

   *m m m m m m m
   *m m m m m m m

2. Write your own humpy pattern on the lines.

   * * * * * * *
   *-----------------------------------------------------------------
   * * * * * * *
New letter: bB

Now that you have seen how b fits on the humpy pattern, let’s find out how to write it.

1. Trace over the letters bB with your finger as you follow and say the directions.

   Top to bottom ...
   ... quick turn ...
   ... drop down ...
   ... smooth turn ...
   ... retrace up and round ...
   ... smooth turn and stop.
   ... retrace ...
   ... stop.
   Top to bottom ...
   ... straight to the right ...
   ... smooth turn ...
   ... retrace ...
   ... smooth turn ...
   ... smooth turn ...

2. Write a large b in the air.

3. Trace over b with your pencil.

4. Repeat steps 1 to 3 for uppercase B.

5. Write b and B twice in the space below.
6. Write b on the humpy pattern.

7. Write b and B to fill the lines.

8. Trace over each b and B with your pencil.

Try not to lift your pencil when you write lowercase b. Remember to lift your pencil for uppercase B.

Billy’s boot

ball  baby
Letter practice: bB

Let’s practise writing the letter b. Remember that writing b is a lot like writing the letter h.

1. Write b and B inside the lines.

   b B b B b B b B

2. Write the letter b on each line to finish these words.

   ___alloon

3. Read the sentence. Trace over each b and B.

   Big baboons blew up blue balloons.
More practice for bB

1. Trace over then copy the humpy pattern.

![Humpy pattern image]

2. Trace over the letter b on the humpy pattern.

![Trace over letter b image]

3. Trace over then copy the letter b.

![Trace over letter b image]

4. Trace over then copy the letter B.

![Trace over letter B image]

5. Trace over the letters b and B.

![Trace over letters b and B image]
New letter: kK

Now it’s time to find out how to write the letters kK.

1. Trace over the letters kK with your finger as you follow and say the directions.

2. Write a large k in the air.

3. Trace over k with your pencil.

4. Repeat steps 1 to 3 for uppercase K.

5. Write k and K twice in the space below.
6. Write k on the humpy pattern.

7. Write k and K to fill the lines.

8. Trace over each k and K with your pencil. 

Try not to lift your pencil when you write lowercase k. Remember to lift your pencil for uppercase K.

King koala

Congratulations! You’ve learned all of the letters that fit on the humpy pattern.
Letter k on the humpy pattern

The letter k is another letter that fits onto the humpy pattern. See if you can find the letter k on the pattern. Circle it.

1. Circle each k.

2. Draw the humpy pattern on the line.
Letter practice: kK

Let’s practise writing the letter k. Remember that the letter k is like h with a little kick.

1. Write k and K inside the lines.

   \[ kK \ kK \ kK \ kK \ kK \ kK \]

2. Write the letter k on each line to finish these words.

   \[ \underline{angaroo} \ \underline{ettle} \]

3. Read the sentence. Trace over each k and K.

   \[ \underline{Kangaroos kicked} \]
   \[ \underline{the pink kettle}. \]
More practice for kK

1. Trace over then copy the humpy pattern.

2. Trace over the letter k on the humpy pattern.

3. Trace over then copy the letter k.

4. Trace over then copy the letter K.

5. Trace over the letters k and K.
Letter revision: r, h and p

Let’s practise writing the letters r, h and p on the writing lines. Look to see which lines each letter touches.

1. Write r, h and p in the air and then on the humpy pattern.

2. Trace over the body letter r with your pencil.

3. Write the letter r on the lines.

It is important to leave a space between the letters. Your finger should be able to fit in the space.
4. Trace over the letter h with your pencil.

5. Write the letter h on the lines.

6. Trace over the letter p with your pencil.

7. Write the letter p on the lines.
New letter: jJ

You may remember writing the letter j before. You are going to look at the letter again and practise writing it correctly.

1. Trace over the letters jJ with your finger as you follow and say the directions.

   Dot.
   Top to bottom ...
   ... smooth turn to the left ...
   ... stop.

   Left to right ...
   ... stop.
   Top to bottom ...
   ... smooth turn to the left ...
   ... stop.

2. Write a large j in the air.

3. Trace over j with your pencil. Lowercase j is a body and tail letter.

   j j j j j j j j j

4. Repeat steps 1 to 3 for uppercase J. Uppercase J is a head and body letter.

   J J J J J J J

5. Write j and J twice in the space below.
6. Write j and J to fill the lines.

```
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

J

* * *

J
```

7. Trace over each j and J with your pencil.

jet  jelly

jumper

jam

Did you notice that you need to lift your pencil to write j and J?
Letter practice: jJ

Let’s practise writing the letter j. Remember that j is just like the clockwise tail pattern. You just need to add a dot.

1. Write j and J inside the lines.

   j j j j
   * J J J J

2. Write the letter j on each line to finish these words.

   ellyfish

   etty

3. Read the sentence. Trace over each j and J with your pencil.

   Jellyfish jumped on the jetty.
More practice for jJ

1. Trace over then copy the clockwise tail pattern.

2. Trace over then copy the letter j.

3. Trace over then copy the letter J.

4. Trace over the letters j and J.
Letter practice: b, k and j

1. Write b on the humpy pattern.

   ![b pattern]

2. Write k on the humpy pattern.

   ![k pattern]

3. Write j on the clockwise tail pattern.

   ![j pattern]

4. Circle the matching letters in each group.

   b (h b k d b r f b n)

   k (h j k l k b p b k)

   j (j y p j b g j q z)
New letter: iI

The letter i is one of the straight line letters. Make sure you have a sharp pencil ready. Sit correctly, put your feet flat on the floor and hold your pencil properly.

1. Trace over the letter iI with your finger as you follow and say the directions.

2. Write an i in the air.

3. Trace over i with your pencil. Lowercase i is a body letter.
4. Repeat steps 1 to 3 for the uppercase I. Uppercase I is a head and body letter.

5. Write i and I twice in the space below.

6. Write i and I to fill the lines.

7. Trace over each i and I with your pencil.
Letter practice: iI

Let’s practise writing the letter i. Remember to follow the directions on your Beginner’s Alphabet handwriting chart.

1. Write i and I inside the lines.

```
 i I i I i I i I i I i I i I i I i I
```

2. Write the letter i on each line to finish these words.

```
  insects
```

```
  gloo
```

3. Read the sentence. Trace over each i and I with your pencil.

```
Insects are itching in the icy igloos.
```
More practice for iI

1. Trace over then copy the straight line pattern.

2. Trace over then copy the letter i.

3. Trace over then copy the letter I.

4. Trace over the letters i and I.
More letter practice: b, k and j

Today we’ll practise writing the clockwise letters b, k and j on the writing lines.

1. Circle the ‘body and tail’ letter.

   ![Image of a cat with b, k, and j letters]

   - b - k - j -

2. Trace over the letter b with your pencil.

   ![Image of a cat with a pencil trace over the letter b]

   b b b b b b b b b

3. Write the letter b on the lines.

   ![Image of a cat with the letter b written on the lines]

   b

4. Trace over the letter k with your pencil.

   ![Image of a cat with a pencil trace over the letter k]

   k k k k k k k k
5. Write the letter **k** on the lines.

6. Trace over the letter **j** with your pencil.

7. Write the letter **j** on the lines.
New letters: tT and lL

You are going to learn how to write t and l now. Make sure you have a sharp pencil ready. Sit correctly and hold your pencil properly. Follow the steps for lowercase t and uppercase T, and lowercase l and uppercase L.

1. Trace over the letters tT with your finger as you follow and say the directions.

2. Write a large t in the air.

3. Trace over t with your pencil. Lowercase t is a head and body letter.
4. Repeat steps 1 to 3 for the uppercase T. Uppercase T is a head and body letter.

The lowercase t is not as tall as the uppercase T but it is taller than the letter i.

5. Write t and T twice in the space below.

6. Write t and T to fill the lines.
7. Trace over the letters LL with your finger as you follow and say the directions.

8. Write a large l in the air.

9. Trace over l with your pencil. Lowercase l is a head and body letter.

10. Repeat steps 6 to 8 for the uppercase L. Uppercase L is a head and body letter.

11. Write l and L twice in the space below.
12. Write I and L to fill the lines.

I

L

13. Trace over each T and L letter with your pencil.

kitten

Timothy

Tiger

hill

Larry Lion
Letter practice: tT and lL

Let’s practise writing the letters tT and lL.

1. Write tT and lL inside the lines.

2. Write the letter t or l to finish these words.

3. Read the sentence. Trace over each tT and l with your pencil.

  Tired tigers and lazy lions licked toffees and lollies.
New letter: zZ

Make sure you have a sharp pencil ready. Sit correctly and hold your pencil properly. See how z fits on the zigzag pattern.

Z Z Z Z Z Z

1. Trace over the letters z Z with your finger as you follow and say the directions.

2. Write a large z in the air.

3. Trace over z and Z with your pencil. Lowercase z is a body letter and uppercase Z is a head and body letter.

4. Notice that lowercase z is the same shape as uppercase Z.
5. Write z and Z twice in the space below.

6. Write z and Z to fill the lines.

*\[\text{z} \]

Go straight along the line to finish z.

7. Trace over each z and Z with your pencil.

Zac
Zebra

buzz
New letter: xX

This is another straight line letter you will learn. See how it can be written on the zigzag pattern.

1. Trace over the letters xX with your finger as you follow and say the directions.

2. Write a large x in the air.

3. Trace over each x and X with your pencil. Lowercase x is a body letter and uppercase X is a head and body letter.

Notice that lowercase x is the same shape as uppercase X.
4. Write x and X in the space below.

5. Write x and X to fill the lines.

\[ \begin{array}{ccc}
1 & x & 2 \\
\hline
X & & X \\
\end{array} \]

6. Trace over each x and X with your pencil.
Letter practice: zZ and xX

1. Write z and x inside the lines.

\[ \text{zZ} \]
\[ \text{xX} \]

2. Write the letter z or x to finish these words.

\[ \text{fo____ebra} \]

3. Read the sentence. Trace over each z, x and X with your pencil.

\[ \text{The zebra and} \]
\[ \text{the fox had an} \]
\[ \text{X-ray at the zoo.} \]
Letters in lines: Body letters

Remember that body letters sit in between the solid middle lines in the same space as my body.

Circle the body letters in each group.

a e c h i m

n o p r s k

u v w b x z
Letters in lines: Head and body

I’ve been looking at where letters touch the handwriting lines. Some letters, like b and k, touch the middle lines where my body sits and the top line where my ears touch.

These are called ‘head and body’ letters because they fit in the same space as Timothy’s head and body.

1. Look on your Beginner’s Alphabet handwriting chart. Use your Timothy Tiger card to help you look for the tall head and body letters that touch the top line as well as the middle lines.

Don’t forget the letter t. It’s a head and body letter too, even though it doesn’t quite touch the top line. It finishes in the same space as Timothy’s head.
2. Circle the head and body letters on the alphabet below.

a b c d e f g
h i j k l m n
o p q r s t u
v w x y z
Letters in lines: Body and tail

You already know about body letters, and head and body letters. Now you're going to find out about body and tail letters. They are the letters that sit between the middle lines and the bottom line and touch the bottom line.

They are called body and tail letters because they fit in the same space as Timothy's body and tail.

1. Use your Timothy Tiger card to help you find body and tail letters on your Beginner's Alphabet handwriting chart.

2. Circle the body and tail letters on the alphabet below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>a b c d e f g</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>h i j k l m n</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>o p q r s t u</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>v w x y z</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Letters in lines: Revision

You’ve learned to write a lot of letters. Some more practice will help you to write them well. Think about the letters as you write.

1. Write each of the letters once more on the lines. Look carefully to see whether your letter touches the top, the middle or the bottom lines.

   m
   h
   b
   r
   j
   p
k

n

i

x

l

z

t