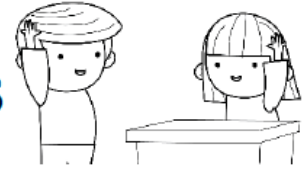


Rhetorical Questions



A rhetorical question is a question that is asked, but there is no need for a reply. For example: Who doesn't like chocolate?

1. Decide whether these questions are rhetorical (R) or non-rhetorical (N).

- a. What is the difference between a rabbit and a hare? R/N
- b. Do I look like I was born yesterday? R/N
- c. How would you feel if your house was full of rubbish? R/N
- d. Do we have school tomorrow? R/N
- e. Wouldn't you feel horrible if you didn't give that dog a home? R/N

Emotive Language



Emotive language is used to make the reader feel certain emotions, such as sadness, excitement or happiness.

1. Underline the emotive language in these sentences. Then write the emotion that you feel.

Think of the poor helpless animals that are suffering because of our rubbish.	
The puppy pounced and jumped joyfully when a lady decided to take him home from the pound.	

Personal Pronouns



Personal pronouns are words such as: you, our, we and us. Pronouns are used to make the reader feel like we are talking to them.

1. Reword these sentences, adding pronouns to make them more persuasive.

a) Rubbish should go in the bin.

b) School uniforms look smart.

Modality Words

Modality words are used to indicate the degree to which something is certain or likely to happen. High modality words are more persuasive.



1. Read the following sentences. Write (H) in the box for high modality words and (L) in the box for low modality words.

- a. I might go swimming on the weekend.
- b. Dad says he might take us to the beach one day.
- c. We must leave before it gets too dark.
- d. To improve your health, you must eat fruit and vegetables.
- e. You must remember to bring your homework home.